## Building CommuniCation in Your Family Young children: Teenage children: • Make time. Find 15 minutes to stop and • Share "ordinary time." Turn common give full attention to your child. Sit down, tasks into time to talk with your teen. Use turn off the TV, and look at your child the time you spend driving or walking the while you talk about the day. Read a dog to talk about what's on their mind. • Listen up. Just listen without judging or story aloud together. • Show empathy. If your child is upset, criticizing. Resist the urge to give advice hug them to show you understand their or try to solve your teen's problems. feelings. Don't tell them what to think or When you listen you'll make it clear feel. Let them express their feelings. you care about their ideas, feelings, • Be a role model. Set a good example with and experiences. • Get involved, be involved, and stay your words and tone of voice. • Talk about your feelings. It will help your involved. Go to games or practices when child learn to do the same. You could say, you can. Ask about your teen's homework and school projects. "It makes me feel sad when you do not listen while I am talking." Respect their feelings. Don't say, "It's silly Source: 2012 Resource Guide. to feel that way," or "You'll understand Preventing Child Maltreatment and when you get older." Their feelings are Promoting Well-Being: A Network for Action. real and should be respected. U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.